1	Montana Public Se	
2 3	Electric and Natural Gas Ge	et No. 2022.07.078 neral Rate Review
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5 6		
7	PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY	
8	OF ANDREW D. DURKIN	
9	ON BEHALF OF NORTHWESTERN ENERG	Υ
10		
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1		<u>Witness Information</u>
2	Q.	Please provide your name, employer, and title.
3	A.	My name is Andrew D. Durkin. I am NorthWestern Energy's
4		("NorthWestern") Manager of Regulatory Affairs.
5		
6	Q.	Please provide a description of your relevant employment
7		experience and other professional qualifications.
8	A.	I have been with NorthWestern for seven years. In my current position as
9		Manager of Regulatory Affairs, I primarily manage the preparation of
10		testimony, exhibits, and workpapers in NorthWestern's proceedings before
11		the Montana Public Service Commission ("Commission" or "MPSC").
12		Before serving in this role, I worked in NorthWestern's Finance
13		Department as a Property Accountant addressing various utility plant and
14		rate base-related issues. Prior to joining NorthWestern, I was a public
15		accountant for a regional accounting firm based in Montana. I have a
16		Bachelor of Science in Accounting, a Master of Professional Accountancy,
17		and am a Certified Public Accountant.
18		
19		Purpose and Summary of Testimony
20	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket?
21	A.	My testimony and related exhibits:
22		1. Present and describe the Electric and Natural Gas Utility Income
23		Statements and Revenue Requirement Exhibits and explain the

adjustments, or a portion of those adjustments, that NorthWestern made to the actual expenses in developing the test period cost of service as presented in these income statements. I also sponsor the computation of the required return amount and necessary revenue increases.

- Present and describe the Electric and Natural Gas Utility Operating
  Revenues at current rates as well as the normalizing adjustments
  made to arrive at normalized test period proposed revenues.
- I present an updated Natural Gas Production Revenue Requirement Step-Down.
- I present projected incremental revenue requirement calculations associated with NorthWestern's Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan ("Wildfire Plan").
- I present illustrative rate impact projections associated with incremental Cyber Security and Business Technology cost increases and recovery.
- 6. With regard to the Reliability Rider NorthWestern is proposing in this filing, I discuss how the Reliability Rider would apply to NorthWestern's Yellowstone County Generating Station. Additionally, I detail the timing and information NorthWestern will provide in compliance filings under the Reliability Rider to allow for interim recovery.
- 7. Regarding NorthWestern's request to update the Power Costs and Credits Adjustment Mechanism ("PCCAM") Base Costs, I present the

total electric supply rate and customer bill impacts. Regarding NorthWestern's request to update the PCCAM Base Costs annually, I explain how NorthWestern will implement the annual rate adjustments. Finally, I provide a red-line of the PCCAM tariff changes needed to implement NorthWestern's PCCAM redesign proposals.

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NorthWestern calculates the revenue at present rates to define the revenue increases it proposes. In support of NorthWestern's requested revenue requirements, I sponsor Statement G (Income Statement Adjustments). I also sponsor Statement H (operating revenues). I present the test year revenues at present rates; the normalizing adjustments to transmission and distribution ("T&D"), generation, Colstrip Unit 4 generation ("CU4"), natural gas production, and other revenues to arrive at normalized revenues; and the resulting proposed revenues. I also sponsor relevant portions of Statement O (Pictorial Exhibits).

16

17

## Q. Please summarize your testimony.

18 NorthWestern's overall required revenue increase for the Electric Utility is Α. 19 \$102,893,198. The required revenue increase calculation is attached as 20 Exhibit ADD-1. NorthWestern's overall required revenue increase for the Natural Gas Utility is \$22,992,291. The required revenue increase 22 calculation is attached as Exhibit ADD-2.

23

1		Electric and Natural Gas Utility Revenues and Cost of Service
2	Q.	Are you sponsoring any of the Statements that are included in the
3		Statements and Workpapers volume of this filing?
4	A.	Yes. I sponsor Statement G – Income Statement Adjustments as required
5		by ARM 38.5.156, Statement H– Operating Revenues as required by ARM
6		38.5.164, and Statement O – Pictorial Exhibits as required by ARM
7		38.5.190.
8		
9		Electric Income Statements and Adjustments
10	Q.	Please describe the Electric Utility Income Statements that you
11		sponsor.
12	A.	I present an income statement for the Total Electric Utility and a separate
13		income statement for each segment of NorthWestern's Electric Utility
14		operations. These income statements are: Total Electric Utility, T&D,
15		Total Generation and Supply, and PCCAM Base Costs. The statements
16		attached as Exhibit ADD-3 are duplicates of the statements included in
17		Statement G - Income Statement Adjustments, in the Statements and
18		Workpapers volume of this filing.
19		
20		Each statement begins with 2021 actual revenues and expenses.
21		Adjustments to actual 2021 data are included to derive the test period cost
22		of service. I explain each of these statements in more detail below.
23		

1	Q.	Please identify the adjustments NorthWester	n made to the income
2		statements to derive the test period cost of s	ervice and which
3		witness addresses them.	
4	A.	I will explain the following adjustments:	
5		Revenue and Revenue Related Adjustme	ents
6		Sales and Administrative and General Ad	ljustment
7		Labor Adjustment	
8		One-Time Expense Adjustments:	
9		o Cyber Security	
10		<ul> <li>Dave Gates Generating Station ("I</li> </ul>	DGGS") Maintenance
11		Adjustment	
12		<ul> <li>Western Energy Imbalance Marke</li> </ul>	t ("EIM") Participation
13		Adjustment	
14			
15		The remaining adjustments are addressed by th	e following witnesses:
16		Corporate Allocation Adjustment	J. Berzina
17		Depreciation Adjustment	J. Berzina
18		Stipulation Adjustment	J. Berzina
19		Amortization Adjustment	J. Berzina
20		Property Tax Adjustment	A. Bjorkman
21		Pension Adjustment	J. Berzina
22		2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment	J. Berzina
23		Working Capital Adjustment	J. Berzina

1		Income laxes	A. Bjorkman
2		Interest Synchronization	A. Bjorkman
3		Deferred Income Taxes	A. Bjorkman
4			
5	Q.	What is the purpose of the Total Electric U	tility Income Statement?
6	A.	The Total Electric Utility Income Statement su	mmarizes the adjusted
7		revenue requirement calculations for NorthWe	estern's T&D, Generation
8		and Supply (excluding PCCAM), and PCCAM	Base Costs functions to
9		present a test period adjusted income stateme	ent for the entire Electric
10		Utility.	
11			
12	Q.	Please describe each column on the Total	Electric Utility Income
13		Statement.	
14	A.	The Total Electric Utility Income Statement pro	esented on page 1 of
15		Electric Statement G includes the following co	lumns:
16		Transmission & Distribution – This of	column presents the total
17		adjusted test year cost of service fo	r T&D from Statement G, tab
18		"elec_21_T&D", column AC.	
19		<ul> <li>Generation (Excluding Colstrip) – The contract of the contract of</li></ul>	his column presents the total
20		adjusted test year cost of service fo	r Generation and Supply
21		(excluding Colstrip and the PCCAM	Base Costs) from
22		Statement G, tab "Generation wo C	U4", column AD.

1 • Colstrip Unit 4 – This column presents the total adjusted test 2 year cost of service for NorthWestern's interest in Colstrip Unit 4 3 from Statement G, tab "CU4 21", column AD. • PCCAM – This column presents the total adjusted test year cost 4 5 of service or the PCCAM Base Costs from Statement G, tab "PCCAM 21", column Z. 6 7 Total – This column presents the sum total for NorthWestern's 8 Electric Utility cost of service. 9 10 **Transmission & Distribution Income Statement** 11 Q. What is the purpose of the T&D Income Statement? 12 Α. The T&D Income Statement included in Statement G, tab "elec 21 T&D", 13 presents the test period income statement for NorthWestern's T&D 14 operations. The income statement starts with 2021 actual revenues and 15 expenses and adjustments to those actuals are made to derive the test 16 period cost of service for NorthWestern's T&D operations. I explain the 17 adjustments below. 18 19 Q. Please explain Column C Electric Utility. 20 Α. This column shows the unadjusted actual data based on NorthWestern's 21 books and records for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021, as 22 filed in NorthWestern's annual report to the Commission.

1	Q.	Please explain Column D Generation & Supply.
2	A.	Column D represents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses
3		for all generation and supply functions. This total is deducted from the
4		Column C total to arrive at the T&D revenues and expenses.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain Column E, Electric Transmission & Distribution
7		Utility.
8	A.	This column presents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses
9		for the electric T&D function.
10		
11	Q.	Please explain Column F, Revenue and Revenue Related Adjustment.
12	A.	The revenue adjustments in Column F, lines 9–13, are necessary to adjust
13		actual 2021 revenues to revenues on a normalized basis. I further explain
14		these adjustments below, under Electric Utility Revenues.
15		
16		Column F, line 28, presents the adjustment for Uncollectible Accounts of
17		\$1,761,469. The uncollectible accounts adjustment has been calculated
18		using the ratio between uncollectible expense and the gross revenues
19		from residential and commercial customers, for calendar years 2017,
20		2018, and 2019. The ratio is then applied to the test period revenues for
21		residential and commercial customer classes to determine test period
22		uncollectible expense. The detailed calculation supporting this adjustment
23		is presented on Electric Statement G, page 11. NorthWestern excluded

2020 and 2021 from the calculation as the actual realized uncollectible accounts in those years were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and would have led to inclusion of significant uncollectible expense from 2020, a year that NorthWestern was under a utility shut-off moratorium and when many customers experienced hardship. 2021 was a year that NorthWestern largely received recoveries of much of the 2020 write-offs and as a result realized overall negative uncollectible accounts expense. For these reasons, NorthWestern excluded those unusual years with regard to uncollectible accounts expense from the calculation of the ratio.

Column F, line 31, presents the adjustment for Universal System Benefits Charge ("USBC") expense of (\$10,063,929). This adjustment removes USBC expense from the 2021 actual Administrative & General Expense. NorthWestern recovers these expenses through a separate USBC tariff and are not included in this filing. The details supporting this adjustment are presented Electric Statement G, page 13.

Column F, line 44 presents the adjustment for Montana Consumer

Counsel ("MCC") and MPSC taxes. The MCC and MPSC tax adjustment
is an increase of \$133,960. This adjustment is made to increase actual

MPSC and MCC taxes to an amount based on the test period level of
revenues. The test period amount is calculated by multiplying the test
period revenue by the current MPSC and MCC tax rates as of October 1,

1		2021, approved in Commission Order Nos. 7808 and 7809. The detailed
2		calculation of this adjustment is presented on Electric Statement G, page
3		12.
4		
5	Q.	Please explain Column G, Sales & Administrative & General
6		Adjustment.
7	A.	Column G, line 30 presents the adjustment of (\$231,976) to remove non-
8		allowable advertising from the test period Sales Expense. This
9		adjustment eliminates advertising expense not related to conservation,
10		safety, time of use, or information about alternative sources of energy.
11		
12		Column G, line 31 presents the adjustment of \$2,083,451 for various
13		administrative and general expenses as follows:
14		\$14,789 increase to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
15		("FERC") Account 920, Labor. This adjustment increases test year
16		severance expense to a three-year average level of expense. The
17		three-year average was calculated using 2019 through 2021 actua
18		severance payments. Electric Statement G, page 18, Column C,
19		line 12 presents this amount.
20		\$199,631 increase to FERC Account 921 to adjust 2021 office

22

expenses and travel expenses to a five-year average level of

expense. The five-year average was calculated using 2017

1 through 2021 actual FERC Account 921 expenses. Electric 2 Statement G, page 15, Column E, line 27 presents this amount. 3 \$4,663 increase to FERC Account 923, Outside Services. This adjustment increases test year expense for external auditor fees to 4 5 the 2022 contract amount. Electric Statement G, page 15, Column E, line 28 presents the calculation of this amount. 6 7 \$60,564 increase to FERC Account 924, Property Insurance. This 8 adjustment increases test year property insurance expense to 2022 9 levels. ElectricStatement G, page 15, Column E, line 29 presents 10 the calculation of this amount. 11 • \$795,627 increase to FERC Account 925, Liability Insurance. This 12 adjustment increases test year liability insurance expense to 2022 13 levels. Electric Statement G, page 15, Column E, line 30 presents 14 the calculation of this amount. \$864,840 increase to FERC Account 926, Fringe Benefits. This 15 16 adjustment increases test year expenses for fringe benefits, except pension benefits, to anticipated 2022 expense. The Pre-filed Direct 17 18 Testimony of Jeffrey B. Berzina discusses the adjustment for 19 pension and benefits. Electric Statement G, page 15, Column E, 20 line 31 presents the calculation of this amount. 21 \$265,555 increase to FERC Account 928, Regulatory Expense.

This adjustment adjusts regulatory expense to the three-year

average level of expense based on 2020 and 2021 actual expenses

22

1		and 2022 anticipated expenses. Electric Statement G, page 23,
2		Column G, line 16 presents the calculation of this amount.
3		• \$(5,029) decrease to FERC Account 930.1, General Advertising.
4		This adjustment removes non-allowable advertising from test year
5		Administrative & General Expense. Electric Statement G, page15,
6		Column E, line 34 presents this amount.
7		• \$(45,309) decrease to FERC Account 930.2, Misc. General
8		Expenses. This adjustment removes dues and contributions that
9		the Commission has previously disallowed from test year
10		expenses. Electric Statement G, page 15, Column E, line 35
11		presents the calculation of this amount.
12		• \$(71,880) removal of expenses recorded in 2021 related to
13		environmental costs not recovered from customers. Electric
14		Statement G, page 14, Column F, line 31 reflects this amount.
15		
16	Q.	Please explain Column H, Labor Adjustment.
17	A.	Column H, lines 22 through 31 adjusts labor to normalized test year levels
18		NorthWestern makes the labor adjustment to reflect test period changes in
19		wages and salaries. Labor adjustment details are shown on Electric
20		Statement G, pages 24 through 39. The determination of the test period
21		labor expense consists of:
22		<ul> <li>Adjusting 2021 actual expense to normalize for one-time events</li> </ul>
23		and to remove non-allowed lobbying expenses;

1 Annualizing for the incremental change between hires and 2 terminations during 2021; Annualizing the adjusted 2021 labor expense to reflect the year-end 3 4 wage and salary levels for a full year and increasing the annualized 5 2021 labor expense to reflect 2022 wage and salary increases; 6 Increasing the annualized labor expense for wage and salary levels 7 at year-end noted above to adjust for an unusually high level of 8 current open positions as a result of tight labor market. This 9 adjustment to the test period is necessary to reflect normal 10 employment levels and labor expense. 11 Reducing labor expense to remove executive stock-based 12 compensation from test year expenses; and Adjusting payroll taxes to reflect test period labor changes. 13 14 15 Q. Please explain Column I, Corporate Allocation Adjustment. 16 Α. Column I presents adjustments to corporate allocations. Mr. Berzina 17 explains these adjustments. Electric Statement G, page 44, Column G 18 presents the calculation of this amount. 19 20 Q. Please explain Column J, Depreciation Adjustment. 21 Α. Column J presents the test year adjustment for depreciation expense. Mr. 22 Berzina explains the depreciation expense adjustment.

2	A.	Column K includes a reduction to rate base as a result of a Stipulation
3		related to Electric and Natural Gas T&D functions from a prior rate review.
4		Mr. Berzina further explains this adjustment.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain Column L, Amortization Adjustment.
7	A.	Column L, line 37 \$6,109,239 adjusts 2021 expense to remove the
8		Bonneville Power Administration ("BPA") Residential Exchange Credit
9		amount allocated to NorthWestern in 2021. Removal of this credit from
10		the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks the
11		credit in a separate annual tracker.
12		
13		Line 38 (\$8,593,270) removes the 2021 amortization of a prior year
14		deferred property tax tracker deferral. Removal of that amortization from
15		the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks the
16		amortization in a separate annual tracker.
17		
18		Line 41 adjusts 2021 expenses account by \$542,714 for amortization of
19		the current under-collected balance of MPSC/MCC taxes. Mr. Berzina
20		further explains this adjustment.
21		
22		

Please explain Column K, Stipulation Adjustment.

1 **Q**.

2	A.	Column M presents the test year property tax adjustment. The adjustment
3		for property taxes is explained in the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Aaron J.
4		Bjorkman.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain Column N, Cyber Security.
7	A.	Column N presents the adjustment to test year expenses related to Cyber
8		Security and Business Technology costs projected to be incurred during
9		2022. The adjustment for Business Technology and Cyber Security costs
10		is further explained in the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Jeanne M. Vold.
11		
12	Q.	Please explain Column P, EIM Participation Adjustment.
13	A.	Column P presents the adjustment to test year expenses related to
14		Transmission Operations. NorthWestern joined the EIM during 2021 and
15		this adjustment is necessary to normalize the expenses for a full year of
16		EIM-related costs. NorthWestern's participation in the EIM is further
17		explained in the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Joseph M. Stimatz.
18		
19	Q.	Please explain Column R, Pension Adjustment.
20	A.	Column R presents an adjustment to test year expenses to reflect the
21		anticipated 2022 cash funding levels of NorthWestern's Montana pension.
22		NorthWestern will true up this amount using 2022 actual expenses at the

Please explain Column M, Taxes Other Than Income Adjustment.

1 **Q.** 

1 time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further explains the adjustment for 2 pension costs. Please explain Column U, 2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment. 3 Q. 4 Α. Column U presents the adjustment to incorporate average rate base 5 related to 2022 known and measurable rate base changes. The column 6 includes adjustments for the 2022 projected depreciation expense as well 7 as the 2022 average rate base projections. NorthWestern will true up these amounts using 2022 actual average rate base and depreciation 8 9 expense at the time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further describes the 10 2022 known and measurable rate base projections. 11 12 Q. Please explain Column V, Working Capital Adjustment. 13 Α. Column V presents an adjustment for working capital. Mr. Berzina 14 explains the working capital adjustment. 15 Q. Please explain Column W, Income Tax Adjustment. 16 17 Column W presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains Α. 18 in detail income taxes. 19 20 Q. Please explain Column X, Interest Synchronization Adjustment. 21 Α. Column X presents an adjustment for interest synchronization. Mr.

Bjorkman also explains in detail this adjustment.

22

1	Q.	Please explain Column Y, Total Updates & Adjustments.
2	A.	Column Y is the total of all adjustments in Columns F through X.
3		Total Generation Income Statement
4	Q.	What is the purpose of the Total Generation Income Statement?
5	A.	The Total Generation Income Statement included in Electric Statement G,
6		pages 56-60 presents the test period income statement for
7		NorthWestern's Generation operations, excluding the PCCAM Base
8		Costs. The Total Generation Income Statement summarizes the revenues
9		and expenses of CU4, DGGS, Spion Kop Wind ("Spion"), Two Dot Wind
10		("Two Dot"), and hydroelectric generation ("Hydros"). The income
11		statement starts with 2021 actual revenues and expenses for these
12		generating units. NorthWestern then makes adjustments from actual 2021
13		results to derive the test period cost of service. I explain the adjustments
14		below.
15		
16	Q.	Please explain Column C, Generation, on the Total Generation
17		Income Statement.
18	A.	This column summarizes the actual data based on NorthWestern's books
19		and records for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021, for the
20		fixed and variable costs for CU4, DGGS, Spion, Two Dot, and Hydros.
21		Income statements for the individual generating units are presented in
22		Electric Statement G.

2	A.	Column D removes deferred revenues and offsetting expenses associated
3		with PCCAM deferred balances. Column D is deducted from Column C as
4		part of the calculation of Fixed Generation.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain Column E, Remove Revenue Credits & Variable.
7	A.	Column E removes the variable costs, credits, and revenues that are part
8		of the PCCAM Base Costs from 2021 actual revenues and expenses.
9		This total is also deducted from Column C as part of the calculation of
10		Fixed Generation.
11		
12	Q.	Please explain Column F, Generation with CU4.
13	A.	Column F is the sum of Column C, Column D, and Column E. This
14		column presents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses for the
15		electric Generation function.
16		
17	Q.	Please explain Column G, Revenue and Revenue Related
18		Adjustment.
19	A.	The revenue adjustments in Column G, lines 9 through 13, are necessary
20		to adjust actual 2021 revenues to revenues on a normalized basis. I
21		further explain these adjustments below.
22		

Please explain Column D, Remove Deferred Revenues.

1 **Q.** 

Column G, line 28, presents the adjustment for Uncollectible Accounts of \$110,982. The uncollectible accounts adjustment has been calculated using the ratio between uncollectible expense and the gross revenues from residential and commercial customers, for calendar years 2017, 2018, and 2019. The ratio is then applied to the test period revenues for residential and commercial customer classes to determine test period uncollectible expense. The detailed calculation supporting this adjustment is presented on Electric Statement G, page 11. NorthWestern excluded 2020 and 2021 from the calculation as the actual realized uncollectible accounts in those years were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and would have led to inclusion of significant uncollectible expense from 2020, a year that NorthWestern was under a utility shut-off moratorium and when many customers experienced hardship. 2021 was a year that NorthWestern largely received recoveries of much of the 2020 write-offs and as a result realized overall negative uncollectible accounts expense. For these reasons, NorthWestern excluded those unusual years with regard to uncollectible accounts expense from the calculation of the ratio. Column G, line 44 presents the adjustment for MCC and MPSC taxes. The MCC and MPSC tax adjustment is an increase of \$178,636. This adjustment is made to increase actual MPSC and MCC taxes to an

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amount based on the test period level of revenues. The test period

amount is calculated by multiplying the test period revenue by the current

1	MPSC and MCC tax rates as of October 1, 2021, approved in Commission
2	Order Nos. 7808 and 7809. The detailed calculation of this adjustment is
3	presented on Electric Statement G, page 13.

- Q. Please explain Column H, Sales & Administrative & General
   Adjustment.
- A. Column H, line 30 presents the adjustment of (\$95,699) to remove nonallowable advertising from the test period Sales Expense. This
  adjustment eliminates advertising expense not related to conservation,
  safety, time of use, or information about alternative sources of energy.
  Column H, line 31 presents the adjustment of (\$6,148,820) for various
  administrative and general expenses as follows:
  - \$10,966 increase to FERC Account 920, Labor. This adjustment increases test year severance expense to a three-year average level of expense. The three-year average was calculated using 2019 through 2021 actual severance payments. Electric Statement G, page 72, Columns G and K, line 15 presents this amount.
  - \$81,804 increase to FERC Account 921 to adjust 2021 office
    expenses and travel expenses to a five-year average level of
    expense. The five-year average was calculated using 2017
    through 2021 actual FERC Account 921 expenses. Electric
    Statement G, page 73, Column E, line 27 presents this amount.

\$1,911 increase to FERC Account 923, Outside Services. This
adjustment increases test year expense for external auditor fees to
the 2022 contract amount. Electric Statement G, page 68, Column
E, line 28 presents the calculation of this amount.

- \$291,581 increase to FERC Account 924, Property Insurance. This
  adjustment increases test year property insurance expense to 2022
  levels. Electric Statement G, page 66, Column E, line 29 presents
  the calculation of this amount.
- \$163,388 increase to FERC Account 925, Liability Insurance. This
  adjustment increases test year liability insurance expense to 2022
  levels. Electric Statement G, page 68, Column E, line 30 presents
  the calculation of this amount.
- \$356,780 increase to FERC Account 926, Fringe Benefits. This
  adjustment increases test year expenses for fringe benefits, except
  pension benefits, to anticipated 2022 expense. Mr. Berzina
  discusses the adjustment for pension and benefits. Electric
  Statement G, page 68, Column E, line 31 presents the calculation
  of this amount.
- \$183,456 increase to FERC Account 928, Regulatory Expense.
   This adjustment adjusts regulatory expense to the three-year average level of expense based on 2020 and 2021 actual expenses and 2022 anticipated expenses. Electric Statement G, page 78,
   Column H, line 16 presents the calculation of this amount.

1 \$(8,205) decrease to FERC Account 930.1, General Advertising. 2 This adjustment removes non-allowable advertising from test year 3 Administrative & General Expense. Electric Statement G, page 68, Column E, line 34 presents this amount. 4 5 \$(18,509) decrease to FERC Account 930.2, Misc. General Expenses. This adjustment removes dues and contributions that 6 7 the Commission has previously disallowed from test year 8 expenses. Electric Statement G, page 68, Column E, line 35 9 presents the calculation of this amount. 10 11 Q. Please explain Column I, Labor Adjustment. 12 Α. Column I, lines 19 through 31 adjusts labor to normalized test year levels. 13 The labor adjustment is made to reflect test period changes in wages and 14 salaries. Labor adjustment details are shown on Electric Statement G, 15 pages 81-92. The determination of the test period labor expense consists 16 of the same adjustments noted above for the T&D Income Statement. 17 18 Q. Please explain Column J, Corporate Allocation Adjustment. 19 Column J presents adjustments to corporate allocations. Again, Mr. Α. 20 Berzina explains these adjustments. Electric Statement G, page 97, 21 Column G presents the calculation of this amount.

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2	A.	Column K presents the test year adjustment for depreciation expense. Mr.
3		Berzina explains the depreciation expense adjustment.
4	Q.	Please explain Column M, Amortization Adjustment.
5	A.	Column M, line 38 (\$2,398,291) removes the 2021 amortization of a prior
6		year deferred property tax tracker deferral. Removal of that amortization
7		from the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks
8		the amortization in a separate annual tracker.
9		
10		Line 41 (\$299,268) adjusts 2021 expenses account for amortization of the
11		current under-collected balance of MPSC/MCC taxes. Mr. Berzina further
12		explains this adjustment.
13		
14	Q.	Please explain Column N, Property Taxes Adjustment.
15	A.	Column N presents the test year property tax adjustment. Mr. Bjorkman
16		explains the adjustment for property taxes.
17		
18	Q.	Please explain Column O, Cyber Security.
19	A.	Column O presents the adjustment to test year related to Cyber Security
20		and Business Technology costs that NorthWestern projects to incur during
21		2022. Ms. Vold further explains the adjustment for Cyber Security and
22		Business Technology costs.
23		

Please explain Column K, Depreciation Adjustment.

1 **Q.** 

Q.	Please explain	Column P	, DGGS Mair	ntenance Adjustmen	ıt.
----	----------------	----------	-------------	--------------------	-----

A. Column P presents an adjustment of \$402,258 to increase test year FERC

Account 553 Maintenance Expense at DGGS to a five-year average level

of expense. DGGS maintenance expense varies from year to year;

therefore a five-year average is being used to levelize the maintenance

expense included in the test year. The five-year average is calculated

using 2017 through 2021 actual maintenance expense. Statement G,

page 103 presents the calculation of this amount.

## Q. Please explain Column S, Pension Adjustment.

A. Column S presents an adjustment to test year expenses to reflect the anticipated 2022 cash funding levels of NorthWestern's Montana pension. NorthWestern will true up this amount using 2022 actual expenses at the time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further explains the adjustment for pension costs.

Α.

## Q. Please explain Column U, 2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment.

Column U presents the adjustment to incorporate average rate base related to 2022 known and measurable Generation rate base changes.

The column includes adjustments for the 2022 projected Generation depreciation expense as well as the 2022 average rate base projections.

NorthWestern will true up these amounts using 2022 actual average rate base and depreciation expense at the time of its rebuttal filing. Mr.

1		Berzina further describes the 2022 known and measurable rate base
2		projections.
3		
4	Q.	Please explain Column V, Working Capital Adjustment.
5	A.	Column V presents an adjustment for working capital. Mr. Berzina
6		explains the working capital adjustment.
7		
8	Q.	Please explain Column W, Income Tax Adjustment.
9	A.	Column W presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains
10		in detail income taxes.
11		
12	Q.	Please explain Column X, Interest Synchronization Adjustment.
13	A.	Column X presents an adjustment for interest synchronization. Mr.
14		Bjorkman also explains in detail this adjustment.
15		
16	Q.	Please explain Column Y, Total Updates & Adjustments.
17	A.	Column Y is the total of all adjustments in Columns F through X.
18		
19		Natural Gas Income Statements and Adjustments
20	Q.	Please describe the Natural Gas Utility Income Statements that you
21		sponsor.
22	A.	I present an income statement for the Total Natural Gas Utility and a
23		separate income statement for each segment of NorthWestern's Natural

1		Gas Offinity operations. These income statements are. Total Natural Gas
2		Utility, Natural Gas Transmission, Distribution, and Storage ("TD&S"), and
3		Natural Gas Production ("Production"). The statements attached as
4		Exhibit ADD-4 are duplicates of the statements included in Natural Gas
5		Statement G, Income Statement Adjustments, in the Statements and
6		Workpapers volume of this filing.
7		
8		Each statement begins with 2021 actual revenues and expenses.
9		NorthWestern then adjusts the actual 2021 data to derive the test period
10		cost of service. I explain each of these adjustments in more detail below.
11		
12	Q.	Please identify the adjustments NorthWestern made to the Natural
13		Gas Utility Income Statements to derive the test period cost of
14		service and which witness addresses them.
15	A.	I will explain the following adjustments:
16		Revenue and Revenue Related Adjustments
17		Sales and Administrative and General Adjustment
18		Labor Adjustment
19		One-Time Expense Adjustments:
20		<ul> <li>Cyber Security / Business Technology</li> </ul>
21		The following witnesses address the remaining adjustments:
22		Corporate Allocation Adjustment J. Berzina
23		Depreciation Adjustment J. Berzina

1		Stipulation Adjustment	J. Berzina
2		Amortization Adjustment	J. Berzina
3		Property Tax Adjustment	A. Bjorkman
4		Pension Adjustment	J. Berzina
5		2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment	J. Berzina
6		Working Capital Adjustment	J. Berzina
7		Income Taxes	A. Bjorkman
8		Interest Synchronization	A. Bjorkman
9		Deferred Income Taxes	A. Bjorkman
10			
11	Q.	What is the purpose of the Total Natural Gas	Utility Income
12		Statement?	
13	A.	The Total Natural Gas Utility Income Statement	summarizes the adjusted
14		revenue requirement calculations for NorthWeste	ern's TD&S and
15		Production functions to present a test period adju	usted income statement
16		for the entire Natural Gas Utility.	
17			
18	Q.	Please describe each column on the Total Na	tural Gas Utility Income
19		Statement.	
20	A.	The Total Natural Gas Utility Income Statement	oresented on page 1 of
21		Natural Gas Statement G includes the following	columns:
22		TD&S – This column presents the total	l adjusted test year for
23		TD&S from Statement G, tab "gas_21	_T&D", column V.

1		<ul> <li>Gas Production – This column presents the total adjusted test</li> </ul>
2		year for Natural Gas Production from Statement G, tab
3		"Production_21", column V.
4		Total – This column presents the sum total for NorthWestern's
5		Natural Gas Utility.
6		
7		Transmission, Distribution & Storage Income Statement
8	Q.	What is the purpose of the TD&S Income Statement?
9	A.	The TD&S Income Statement included in Natural Gas Statement G, tab
10		"gasc_21_T&D", presents the test period income statement for
11		NorthWestern's TD&S operations. The income statement starts with 2021
12		actual revenues and expenses, and adjustments to those actuals are
13		included to derive the test period cost of service for NorthWestern's TD&S
14		operations. I explain the adjustments below.
15		
16	Q.	Please explain Column C Natural Gas Utility.
17	A.	This column shows the unadjusted actual data based on NorthWestern's
18		books and records for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021, as
19		filed in NorthWestern's annual report to the Commission.
20		
21		

1	Q.	Please explain Column D Supply Function.
2	A.	Column D represents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses
3		for all Production and supply functions. This total is deducted from the
4		Column C to arrive at the TD&S revenues and expenses.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain Column E, Natural Gas Transmission, Distribution, &
7		Storage Utility.
8	A.	This column presents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses
9		for the Natural Gas TD&S function.
10		
11	Q.	Please explain Column F, Revenue and Revenue Related Adjustment.
12	A.	The revenue adjustments in Column F, lines 9–13, are necessary to adjust
13		actual 2021 revenues to revenues on a normalized basis. I explain these
14		adjustments below.
15		
16		Column F, line 27, presents the adjustment for Uncollectible Accounts of
17		\$529,004. The uncollectible accounts adjustment has been calculated
18		using the ratio between uncollectible expense and the gross revenues
19		from residential and commercial customers, for calendar years 2017,
20		2018, and 2019. The ratio is then applied to the test period revenues for
21		residential and commercial customer classes to determine test period
22		uncollectible expense. The detailed calculation supporting this adjustment
23		is presented on Natural Gas Statement G, page 10. NorthWestern

excluded 2020 and 2021 uncollectible expense and revenues from the calculation as the actual realized uncollectible accounts in those years were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and would have led to inclusion of significant uncollectible expense from 2020, a year that NorthWestern was under a utility shut-off moratorium and when many customers experienced economic hardship. 2021 was a year that NorthWestern largely received recoveries of much of the 2020 write-offs and, as a result, realized overall negative uncollectible accounts expense. For these reasons, NorthWestern excluded those unusual years with regard to uncollectible accounts expense from the calculation of the ratio.

Column F, line 30, removes \$3,487,008 for USBC expense from the 2021 actual Administrative & General Expense. NorthWestern recovers these expenses through a separate USBC tariff and are not included in this filing. The detail supporting this adjustment is presented on the Natural Gas Statement G, page 12.

Column F, line 43 presents the adjustment for MCC and MPSC taxes.

The MCC and MPSC tax adjustment is a decrease of \$244,803. This adjustment is made to decrease actual MPSC and MCC taxes to an amount based on the test period level of revenues. The test period amount is calculated by multiplying the test period revenue by the current MPSC and MCC tax rates as of October 1, 2021, approved in Commission

1		Order Nos. 7808 and 7809. The detailed calculation of this adjustment is
2		presented on the Natural Gas Statement G, page 11.
3		
4	Q.	Please explain Column H, Sales & Administrative & General
5		Adjustment.
6	A.	Column H, line 29 presents the adjustment of (\$105,440) to remove non-
7		allowable advertising from the test period Sales Expense. This
8		adjustment eliminates advertising expense not related to conservation,
9		safety, time of use, or information about alternative sources of energy.
10		
11		Column H, line 30 presents the adjustment to remove \$(989,803) for
12		various administrative and general expenses as follows:
13		• \$12,036 increase to FERC Account 920, Labor. This adjustment
14		increases test year severance expense to a three-year average
15		level of expense. The three-year average was calculated using
16		2019 through 2021 actual severance payments. Natural Gas
17		Statement G, page 17, Columns G through I, line 10 presents this
18		amount.
19		• \$73,618 increase to FERC Account 921 to adjust 2021 office
20		expenses and travel expenses to a five-year average level of
21		expense. The five-year average was calculated using 2017
22		through 2021 actual FERC Account 921 expenses. Natural Gas

Statement G, page 13, Column E, line 30 includes this amount.

\$2,097 increase to FERC Account 923, Outside Services. This
adjustment increases test year expense for external auditor fees to
the 2022 contract amount. Natural Gas Statement G, page 18,
Columns I through K, line 12 presents the calculation of this
amount.

- \$(24,047) decrease to FERC Account 924, Property Insurance.
   This adjustment decreases test year property insurance expense to 2022 levels. Natural Gas Statement G, page 19, Column J, line 26 presents the calculation of this amount.
- \$180,656 increase to FERC Account 925, Liability Insurance. This
  adjustment increases test year liability insurance expense to 2022
  levels. Natural Gas Statement G, page 19, Column J, line 68
  presents the calculation of this amount.
- \$393,094 increase to FERC Account 926, Fringe Benefits. This
  adjustment increases test year expenses for fringe benefits, except
  pension benefits, to anticipated 2022 expense. Mr. Berzina
  discusses the adjustment for pension and benefits. Natural Gas
  Statement G, page 20, Column J, lines 11 through 26 and 28
  through 31 present the calculation of this amount.
- \$29,124 increase to FERC Account 928, Regulatory Expense. This
  adjustment increases regulatory expense to the three-year average
  level of expense based on 2020 and 2021 actual expenses and

1 2022 anticipated expenses. Natural Gas Statement G, page 21, 2 Column G presents the calculation of this amount. 3 • (\$1,057) decrease to FERC Account 930.1, General Advertising. This adjustment removes non-allowable advertising from test year 4 5 Administrative & General Expense. Natural Gas Statement G, 6 page 15, Column J, line 10 presents this amount. 7 • (\$20,265) decrease to FERC Account 930.2, Misc. General 8 Expenses. This adjustment removes dues and contributions that 9 the Commission has previously disallowed from test year 10 expenses. Natural Gas Statement G, page 13, Column E, line 30 11 includes this amount. 12 (\$1,635,058) removal of expenses recorded in 2021 related to 13 environmental costs not recovered from customers. Natural Gas 14 Statement G, page 13, Column F, line 31 reflects this amount. 15 16 Q. Please explain Column H, Labor Adjustment. 17 Α. Column H, lines 20 through 30 adjusts labor to normalized test year levels. 18 The labor adjustment is made to reflect test period changes in wages and 19 salaries. Labor adjustment details are shown on Natural Gas Statement 20 G, pages 23 through 34. The determination of the test period labor 21 expense consists of the same adjustments noted above for the Electric 22 T&D Labor Adjustment.

Q. 1 Please explain Column I, Cyber Security. 2 Α. Column I presents the adjustment to test year related to Cyber Security 3 and Business Technology costs that NorthWestern projects to incur during 4 2022. Ms. Vold explains the adjustment for Cyber Security and Business 5 Technology costs. 6 7 Q. Please explain Column J, Corporate Allocation Adjustment. 8 Α. Column J presents adjustments to corporate allocations. Mr. Berzina 9 explains these adjustments. No adjustments for gas were necessary for 10 the test year. 11 12 Q. Please explain Column K, Stipulation Adjustment. 13 Α. Column K includes a reduction to rate base as a result of a Stipulation 14 related to Electric and Natural Gas Transmission and Distribution 15 functions from a prior rate review. Mr. Berzina explains this adjustment. 16 17 Please explain Column L, Pension Adjustment. Q. 18 Α. Column L presents an adjustment to test year expenses to reflect the 19 anticipated 2022 cash funding levels of NorthWestern's Montana pension. 20 NorthWestern will true up this amount using 2022 actual expenses at the 21 time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further explains the adjustment for

22

23

pension costs.

A. Column M, line 36 (\$675,010) removes the 2021 amortization of a prior year deferred property tax tracker deferral. Removal of that amortization from the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks the amortization in a separate annual tracker.

Line 37 (\$740,062) adjusts 2021 expense to remove the amortization of the prior year USBC under-collection. Removal of this amount from the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks the balance in a separate annual tracker.

Line 41 (\$169,767) adjusts 2021 expenses account for amortization of the current under-collected balance of MPSC/MCC taxes. Mr. Berzina further explains this adjustment.

## Q. Please explain Column N, 2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment.

A. Column N presents the adjustment to incorporate average rate base related to 2022 known and measurable rate base changes. The column includes adjustments for the 2022 projected depreciation expense as well as the 2022 average rate base projections. NorthWestern will true up these amounts using 2022 actual average rate base and depreciation expense at the time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further describes the 2022 known and measurable rate base projections.

2		Total Natural Gas Production Income Statement
3	Q.	What is the purpose of the Total Natural Gas Production Income
4		Statement?
5	A.	The Total Production Income Statement included in Natural Gas
6		Statement G, pages 49 through 51 presents the test period income
7		statement for NorthWestern's Production natural gas operations. The
8		Total Production Income Statement summarizes the revenues and
9		expenses of Battle Creek, Bear Paw and South Bear Paw Production
10		facilities. The income statement starts with 2021 actual revenues and
11		expenses for these Production facilities. NorthWestern then adjusts the
12		actual 2021 results for the adjustment I explain below to derive the test
13		period cost of service.
14		
15	Q.	Please explain Column C, Natural Gas Production, on the Total
16		Generation Income Statement.
17	A.	This column summarizes the actual data based on NorthWestern's books
18		and records for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021, for Battle
19		Creek, Bear Paw, and South Bear Paw fixed and variable costs.
20		
21	Q.	Please explain Column D, Natural Gas Production Variable.
22	A.	Column D removes variable Production expenses, such as royalties and
23		other supply costs, recovered through NorthWestern's Natural Gas Supply

1		Tracker. Column D is deducted from Column C as part of the calculation
2		of Fixed Production costs.
3		
4	Q.	Please explain Column E, Natural Gas Production Fixed.
5	A.	This column presents the total 2021 unadjusted revenues and expenses
6		for the Production function.
7		
8	Q.	Please explain Column F, Revenue and Revenue Related Adjustment.
9	A.	The revenue adjustments in Column F, lines 10 through 14, are necessary
10		to adjust actual 2021 revenues to revenues on a normalized basis. I
11		explain these adjustments below.
12		
13		Column F, line 43 presents the adjustment for MCC and MPSC taxes.
14		The MCC and MPSC tax adjustment is a decrease of (\$42,926). This
15		adjustment is made to decrease actual MPSC and MCC taxes to an
16		amount based on the test period level of revenues. The test period
17		amount is calculated by multiplying the test period revenue by the current
18		MPSC and MCC tax rates as of October 1, 2021, approved in Commission
19		Order Nos. 7808 and 7809. The detailed calculation of this adjustment is
20		presented Natural Gas Statement G, page 53.
21		
22		

1	Q.	Please explain Column G, Sales & Administrative & General
2		Adjustment.
3	A.	Column G, line 29 presents a decrease adjustment of \$15,755 to remove
4		non-allowable advertising from the test period Sales Expense. This

safety, time of use, or information about alternative sources of energy.

Column G, line 30 presents a decrease adjustment of \$(140,692) for various administrative and general expenses as follows:

adjustment eliminates advertising expense not related to conservation,

- \$1,798 increase to FERC Account 920, Labor. This adjustment increases test year severance expense to a three-year average level of expense. The three-year average was calculated using 2019 through 2021 actual severance payments. Natural Gas Statement G, page 58, Column J, line 10 presents this amount.
- \$11,000 increase to FERC account 921 to adjust 2021 office
  expenses and travel expenses to a five-year average level of
  expense. The five-year average was calculated using 2017
  through 2021 actual FERC account 921 expenses. Natural Gas
  Statement G, page 55, Column E, line 26 presents this amount.
- \$313 increase to FERC Account 923, Outside Services. This
  adjustment increases test year expense for external auditor fees to
  the 2022 contract amount. Natural Gas Statement G, page 59,
   Column L, line 12 presents the calculation of this amount.

\$26,995 increase to FERC Account 925, Liability Insurance. This
adjustment increases test year liability insurance expense to 2022
levels. Natural Gas Statement G, page 60, Column K, line 68
presents the calculation of this amount.

- \$58,738 increase to FERC Account 926, Fringe Benefits. This
  adjustment increases test year expenses for fringe benefits, except
  pension benefits, to anticipated 2022 expense. Mr. Berzina
  discusses the adjustment for pension and benefits. Natural Gas
  Statement G, page 61, Column K, lines 11 through 26 and 27
  through 31 presents the calculation of this amount.
- \$4,741 increase to FERC Account 928, Regulatory Expense. This
  adjustment increases regulatory expense to the three-year average
  level of expense based on 2020 and 2021 actual expenses and
  2022 anticipated expenses. Natural Gas Statement G, page 62,
  Column H presents the calculation of this amount.
- (\$158) decrease to FERC Account 930.1, General Advertising.
   This adjustment removes non-allowable advertising from test year
   Administrative & General Expense. Natural Gas Statement G,
   page 56, Column K, line 10 presents this amount.
- (\$3,028) decrease to FERC Account 930.2, Misc. General
   Expenses. This adjustment removes dues and contributions that
   the Commission has previously disallowed from test year

I		expenses. Natural Gas Statement G, page 56, Column K, line 16
2		presents the calculation of this amount.
3		• (\$241,091) removal of expenses recorded in 2021 related to
4		environmental costs not recovered from customers. Natural Gas
5		Statement G, page 13, Column F, line 31 reflects this amount.
6		
7	Q.	Please explain Column H, Labor Adjustment.
8	A.	Column H, lines 19 through 31 adjusts labor to normalized test year levels.
9		The labor adjustment is made to reflect test period changes in wages and
10		salaries. Labor adjustment details are shown on Natural Gas Statement
11		G, pages 63 through 81. The determination of the test period labor
12		expense consists of those adjustments described above under the Labor
13		Adjustment for the Electric T&D Utility.
14		
15	Q.	Please explain Column I, Cyber Security.
16	A.	Column I presents the adjustment to test year related to Cyber Security
17		and Business Technology costs NorthWestern projects to incur during
18		2022. Ms. Vold explains the adjustment for these costs.
19		
20	Q.	Please explain Column L, Pension Adjustment.
21	A.	Column L presents an adjustment to test year expenses to reflect the
22		anticipated 2022 cash funding levels of NorthWestern's Montana pension.
23		NorthWestern will true up this amount using 2022 actual expenses at the

1 time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further explains the adjustment for 2 pension costs. 3 4 Q. Please explain Column M, Amortization Adjustment. 5 Α. Column M, line 36 (\$301,459) removes the 2021 amortization of a prior 6 year deferred property tax tracker deferral. Removal of that amortization 7 from the fixed revenue requirement is necessary as NorthWestern tracks the amortization in a separate annual tracker. 8 9 10 Line 41 (\$44,203) adjusts 2021 expenses account for amortization of the current under-collected balance of MPSC/MCC taxes. Mr. Berzina 11 12 explains this adjustment. 13 14 Q. Please explain Column N, 2022 Forecasted Plant Adjustment. 15 Α. Column N presents the adjustment to incorporate average rate base 16 related to 2022 known and measurable Production rate base changes. The Column includes adjustments for 2022 projected Production 17 18 depreciation expense as well as 2022 average rate base projections. 19 NorthWestern will true up these amounts using 2022 actual average rate 20 base and depreciation expense at the time of its rebuttal filing. Mr. Berzina further describes the 2022 known and measurable rate base 21 22 projections.

2	A.	Column O presents the test year property tax adjustment. Mr. Bjorkman
3		explains the adjustment for property taxes.
4		
5	Q.	Please explain Column P, Depreciation Adjustment.
6	A.	Column P presents the test year adjustment for depreciation expense. Mr.
7		Berzina explains the depreciation expense adjustment.
8		
9	Q.	Please explain Column R, Working Capital Adjustment.
10	A.	Column R presents an adjustment for working capital. Mr. Berzina also
11		explains the working capital adjustment.
12		
13	Q.	Please explain Column S, Income Tax Adjustment.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	Q. A.	Please explain Column S, Income Tax Adjustment.  Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains
14		Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains
14 15		Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	A.	Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains income taxes in detail.
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	A. Q.	Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains income taxes in detail.  Please explain Column T, Interest Synchronization Adjustment.
14 15 16 17 18	A. Q.	Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains income taxes in detail.  Please explain Column T, Interest Synchronization Adjustment.  Column T presents an adjustment for interest synchronization. Mr.
14 15 16 17 18	A. Q.	Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains income taxes in detail.  Please explain Column T, Interest Synchronization Adjustment.  Column T presents an adjustment for interest synchronization. Mr.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A. Q. A.	Column S presents adjustments for income taxes. Mr. Bjorkman explains income taxes in detail.  Please explain Column T, Interest Synchronization Adjustment.  Column T presents an adjustment for interest synchronization. Mr.  Berzina explains this adjustment.

Please explain Column O, Property Taxes Adjustment.

1 **Q.** 

1		Natural Gas Production Revenue Requirement Step-down
2	Q.	Is NorthWestern proposing to continue using the Natural Gas
3		Production Step-down to the revenue requirement that the
4		Commission required in Final Order No. 7522g in Docket D2016.9.68?
5	A.	Yes, NorthWestern believes using the methodology the Commission
6		ordered in Final Order No. 7522g, which estimated an annual reduction to
7		the Natural Gas Production revenue requirement to account for
8		anticipated reductions in annual depletion expense, is still appropriate.
9		However, the amounts estimated for revenue requirement reductions in
10		Final Order No. 7522g must be updated to reflect (1) the current level of
11		non-depleted natural gas reserves; (2) the estimate of annual natural gas
12		production volumes to be realized; (3) the estimated amount of future
13		asset retirement obligations associated with the Natural Gas Production
14		facilities; and (4) other necessary changes to the overall natural gas
15		production cost of service. The latest estimate of the annual Natural Gas
16		Production Step-Down is presented below and the related calculations are
17		detailed in Exhibit ADD-119.

Total Ga	as Production
Revenue	Requirements
	Percentage
Year	Reduction
2023	-3.31%
2024	-3.20%
2025	-3.01%
2026	-3.03%
2027	-2.85%
2028	-2.51%
2029	-2.75%
2030	-2.65%
2031	-2.56%
2032	-2.46%

#### **Electric Utility Revenues**

- 2 Q. How were normalized revenues calculated for NorthWestern's
- 3 electric test year?
- A. Each of the billing determinates (test period usage, demand usage, and
   number of customers) for each customer class were multiplied by the
   current base rate. Miscellaneous revenues were added to that product.
  - Q. How did NorthWestern determine the billing determinants?
- A. NorthWestern relied on actual historical billing data, adjusted for weather,
  known and measurable changes, and anticipated fundamental load
  changes as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Commission has
  approved revenue requirement calculations based on this methodology in
  previous dockets, with the exception of anticipated load changes due to
  COVID-19, which adjustments are explained by Ms. Fang.

14

1

1	Q.	Does Northwestern's billing data reflect revenue collected by
2		calendar month?
3	A.	No. The billing data reflects the monthly billing cycles that normally
4		include usage for the current and prior month (e.g., a July 15 meter read
5		would include 15 days of usage in July and 15 days of usage in June).
6		NorthWestern converts this cyclical usage revenue to calendar usage
7		revenue, which represents a customer's usage as if it was recorded for the
8		calendar month.
9		
10		Billing Determinants
11	Q.	Do you sponsor an exhibit presenting billing determinants?
12	A.	Yes, Exhibit ADD-5 presents the test period billing determinants. The
13		exhibit contains information calculated by NorthWestern's Load Research
14		department to develop the test year billing determinants.
15		
16	Q.	Please explain how the Yellowstone National Park loads are treated
17		in the derivation of rates process.
18	A.	NorthWestern recovers the costs for Yellowstone National Park through a
19		separately negotiated contract rate. Therefore, NorthWestern excludes
20		the loads and corresponding revenues from any Commission jurisdictional
21		rate design. Yellowstone National Park loads are not included in the
22		actual delivered load or normalized loads included in Electric Statement H,
23		Exhibit ADD-3.

1		
2		Adjustments to Electric Test Period Revenues
3	Q.	Did NorthWestern make adjustments to the Electric test period
4		revenues?
5	A.	Yes. NorthWestern made the following adjustments to Electric test period
6		revenues:
7		T&D Revenue
8		Generation Revenue
9		Generation CU4 Revenue
10		PCCAM Revenues
11		Miscellaneous Revenues
12		Other Transmission Revenues
13		
14	Q.	What adjustments did NorthWestern make to Electric T&D Revenue?
15	A.	The T&D revenue adjustments are included in Electric Statement G, page
16		5, Column F. The adjustment on line 9 removes unbilled revenues, BPA
17		credit revenues, Competitive Transition Charge revenues, and USBC
18		revenues so that only T&D revenues remain in the test period. In addition
19		as shown on page 2 of Electric Statement H, the usage is converted from
20		actual usage to normalized usage. The adjustment on line 12 adjusts
21		transmission revenues and the adjustment on line 13 adjusts
22		miscellaneous revenues. I explain these adjustments to lines 12 and 13

below.

2 Q. What adjustments did NorthWestern make to Generation revenues? 3 Α. The Generation revenue adjustments are included in Electric Statement 4 G, page 55, Column G. These adjustments affect revenue associated 5 with CU4, DGGS, Hydros, Spion, and Two Dot. The adjustment on line 9 6 removes unbilled revenues and reflects the difference between test period 7 normalized revenues and actual revenues booked in 2021. As shown on 8 pages 23 through 24 of Electric Statement H, the actual 2021 usage is 9 converted to normalized 2021 usage. The adjustment on Electric 10 Statement G, page 5, line 11 removes rate refund revenues associated 11 with NorthWestern's last electric general rate review (Docket No. 12 2018.02.012), including a refund of the difference between approved 13 interim rates and final approved rates and a refund of over-collected 14 DGGS construction costs. The adjustment on line 13 reflects an 15 adjustment to miscellaneous revenues, which I discuss further below.

16

17

- Q. Please explain NorthWestern's normalizing adjustments to miscellaneous revenues.
- Miscellaneous revenues include revenues such as the low-income
  discount, rents from electric property, and sales of materials. First,
  NorthWestern made known and measurable changes to reflect prior
  period adjustments, one-time charges, or expiration of contracts. Second,
  NorthWestern annualized contract or price changes. Third, NorthWestern

normalized the low-income discount revenue to zero, to reflect 100% of revenues from low-income discount customers being recognized in the revenue requirement. These changes are shown on Electric Statement H page 57 for T&D and Electric Statement H page 106 for Generation.

Α.

## Q. Please explain NorthWestern's method for normalizing adjustments to Transmission Revenues.

Transmission revenues are revenues from services provided under NorthWestern's Open Access Transmission Tariff ("OATT"). The revenues include Point-to-Point ("PTP") revenues and transmission revenues for retail customers who have moved to choice to purchase electric commodity service from another supplier ("Network").

NorthWestern normalized Transmission Revenues by using an average of 2019, 2020, and 2021.

In addition to normalizing transmission revenues for average revenues, the 2021 booked revenues included two one-time items that were fully removed for purposes of this rate filing. NorthWestern deferred 100% of all FERC rate revenue increases until it received a final order from FERC for those increases. As such, during 2021, NorthWestern realized a \$4.7 million gain from the release of those deferrals. That amount was removed through an adjustment included in Electric Statement G, line 12, Column F. Additionally, upon receiving the FERC final order,

1 NorthWestern updated its FERC retail revenue credit as previously 2 estimated in Docket 2018.02.012. That update required a one-time trueup of the revenue credit amount based upon revenues approved in the 3 FERC final order. As such, Montana retail customers received refunds 4 5 during 2021 to reflect the true-up. The amount of those refunds were 6 removed through an adjustment included in Electric Statement G, line 12, 7 Column F in order to reflect normal transmission revenues in this filing. 8 9 Q. Why did NorthWestern use a three-year average to derive PTP and 10 Network test period revenues? Changes to PTP contracts result in NorthWestern's transmission revenues 11 Α. 12 increasing or decreasing. For example, one customer's failure to renew 13 its PTP contract for 2022 does, by itself, result in a decrease in revenues. 14 However, that same customer has continued to purchase PTP service via 15 a monthly contract. In order to best capture these fluctuations, 16 NorthWestern used a three-year average, as shown on page 10 of Electric 17 Statement G. For consistency, NorthWestern used the three-year 18 average for Network customers. 19 20 Q. Please explain how NorthWestern derived the revenue from ancillary 21 services. 22 As defined in NorthWestern's OATT, ancillary services are: "Those Α.

services that are necessary to support the transmission of capacity and

1	energy from resources to loads while maintaining reliable operation of the
2	Transmission Provider's Transmission System in accordance with Good
3	Utility Practice."  Ancillary services include Regulation and Frequency
4	Response Service (Schedule 3/3A), Spinning Reserve Service (Schedule
5	5), Supplemental Reserve Service (Schedule 6), Flex Reserve Service
6	(Schedule 11), and Energy Imbalance Service (Schedule 9).
7	
8	NorthWestern used a three-year average of actual revenues received for
9	Schedules 3/3A and 11 and a two-year average of actual revenues
10	received for Schedules 5 and 6 to normalize for fluctuations in these
11	revenues, as shown on page 10 of Electric Statement G. NorthWestern
12	did not begin collecting Schedule 5 and 6 revenues until 2020, which is
13	why only a two-year average was utilized for those revenues.
14	
15	The net impact (revenue less expense) of Energy Imbalance Service
16	revenue has been adjusted in this filing so that the revenue and expense
17	are equal, because energy imbalance service theoretically should have no

0 net income impact for Montana customers. This adjustment is reflected in Column P, line 24 on the Electric Utility Income Statement, Statement G, page 52.

21

19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NorthWestern Corporation FERC Electric Tariff, Volume No. 5 (rev) effective March 12, 2016 (MT), Section 1.

1		Actual, Normalized and Proposed Revenues
2	Q.	Have you prepared an exhibit that presents NorthWestern's Electric
3		Utility actual, normalized, and proposed revenues?
4	A.	Yes, Exhibit ADD-7 presents this information in the Statement H format.
5		This exhibit along with supporting workpapers is also included as Electric
6		Statement H in the Statements and Workpapers volume of this filing.
7		
8	Q.	Please describe Exhibit ADD-7.
9	A.	Page 1, Column B describes the customer class. Columns C and D
10		contain the average number of customers and megawatt-hour ("MWh")
11		consumption for the actual 12-month period ending December 31, 2021.
12		Column E contains actual 2021 revenues, which include actual property
13		tax revenues during the entire year.
14		
15		Columns G through I contain the average number of customers, MWh
16		consumption, and revenues for the normalized test period. These
17		columns contain actual data, normalized and adjusted for known and
18		measurable changes, including the determination of revenues under
19		current rates.
20		
21		Columns J through L contain the test period revenues computed using the
22		rates proposed by NorthWestern in this proceeding, along with the
23		required increase in both dollar and percentage terms.

1		
2	Q.	Please explain the rates used to develop revenues.
3	A.	The pro forma test period revenues are based on NorthWestern's most
4		recent rates that went into effect by operation of law as part of Docket No.
5		2021.11.129 ("Tax Tracker Docket"). NorthWestern did not include the
6		amortization of the 2021 deferred balance from that docket in these rates.
7		The total deferred property tax balance is for electric T&D, natural gas
8		TD&S, Colstrip, Spion, Hydros, Two Dot and Natural Gas Production.
9		
10	Q.	Why did NorthWestern exclude the 2021 deferred balance from the
11		rates?
12	A.	The amortization of the 2021 deferred balance is due to the tracking of
13		taxes and fees from the prior period and should not be used in a general
14		rate review to establish rates on a prospective basis. Therefore, it should
15		not be included in the test period.
16		
17	Q.	How did NorthWestern derive the proposed electric rates?
18	A.	NorthWestern's proposed rates are supported by the Pre-filed Direct
19		Testimony of Paul M. Normand and the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of
20		Cynthia S. Fang and are presented in Statement M – Rate Design.
21		Details of the revenues at proposed design rates are shown in the

Statement H workpapers.

22

1		Natural Gas Utility Revenues
2	Q.	How did NorthWestern calculate normalized revenues for its Natural
3		Gas test year?
4	A.	Each of the billing determinants (number of customers, demand, and
5		dekatherms) for each customer class were multiplied by the current base
6		rate. Miscellaneous revenues were added to that product.
7		
8	Q.	How did NorthWestern determine the billing determinants?
9	A.	NorthWestern relied on actual historical billing data, adjusted for weather,
10		and known and measurable changes. The Commission has approved
11		revenue requirement calculations based on this methodology in previous
12		dockets.
13		
14	Q.	Please describe the Natural Gas Utility Delivery Services operating
15		revenues exhibit.
16	A.	The Natural Gas Delivery Services operating revenues shown on Exhibit
17		ADD-8 page 2, reflect the 2021 actual billing determinants and operating
18		revenue information (customers, demand, dekatherms, and revenues) in
19		columns B through E. The actual revenues include only distribution,
20		transmission, and storage revenues. The pro forma test period operating
21		revenue information is shown in Columns L through R. The pro forma test
22		period revenues utilize current base rates, the derivation of which I
23		described below, and normalized loads and customer counts. Column P

1		shows the revenues at the proposed rate design. Columns Q and R show
2		the revenue requirement increase in both dollar and percentage terms for
3		each customer class.
4		
5	Q.	Were there any adjustments to the customer count for the Natural
6		Gas test period?
7	A.	No. The customer count used was the 2021 actual number of customers.
8		The customer count information is reflected on Exhibit ADD-8 page 3.
9		
10	Q.	Were there any adjustments made to the actual load information?
11	A.	Yes, NorthWestern adjusted the core loads to reflect weather normalized
12		test period loads based upon the MPSC-approved methodology
13		established in prior rate cases. That methodology applies a normalized
14		weather adjustment based upon 10 years of weather data to the test
15		period load information. The normalized load information is reflected on
16		Exhibit ADD-8, page 8. The adjustments result in an increase to actual
17		2021 loads and revenues for Core Customers and Non-Core Customers.
18		
19	Q.	What adjustments has NorthWestern made to miscellaneous Natural
20		Gas revenues?
21	A.	Miscellaneous revenues include revenues such as the low-income
22		discount, rents from natural gas and common property, and sales of
23		materials. First, NorthWestern made known and measurable changes to

1		reflect prior period adjustments, one-time charges, or expiration of
2		contracts. Second, NorthWestern annualized contract or price changes.
3		Third, NorthWestern normalized the miscellaneous low-income discount
4		revenues to zero, as NorthWestern recovers the amount through the
5		USBC charges that are tracked through a separate annual tracker.
6		
7		Actual, Normalized and Proposed Revenues
8	Q.	Have you prepared an exhibit that presents NorthWestern's Natural
9		Gas Utility actual, normalized, and proposed revenues?
10	A.	Yes, Exhibit ADD-8 presents this information in the Statement H format.
11		This exhibit along with supporting workpapers is also included as Natural
12		Gas Statement H in the Statements and Workpapers volume of this filing.
13		
14	Q.	Please describe Exhibit ADD-8.
15	A.	Page 2, Column A describes the customer class. Columns B and D
16		contain the average number of customers and dekatherm consumption for
17		the actual 12-month period ending December 31, 2021. Column E
18		contains actual 2021 revenues, which include actual property tax
19		revenues during the entire year.
20		
21		Columns G through I contain the average number of customers,
22		dekatherm consumption, and revenues for the normalized test period.
23		These are actual data, normalized and adjusted for known and

1		measurable changes, including the determination of revenues under
2		current rates.
3		
4		Columns J through L contain the test period revenues computed using the
5		rates proposed by NorthWestern in this proceeding, along with the
6		required increase in both dollar and percentage terms.
7		
8	Q.	Please explain the rates used to develop revenues.
9	A.	As with the electric rates and revenues, the pro forma test period
10		revenues are based on NorthWestern's most recent rates that went into
11		effect by the operation of law in the Tax Tracker Docket. NorthWestern
12		also did not include the amortization of the 2021 deferred balance from
13		that docket in these rates.
14		
15	Q.	Why did NorthWestern exclude the 2021 deferred balance from the
16		rates?
17	A.	The amortization of the 2021 deferred balance is due to the tracking of
18		taxes and fees from the prior period and should not be used in a general
19		rate review to establish rates on a prospective basis. Therefore, it should
20		not be included in the test period.
21		

Q. How did NorthWestern derive the proposed Natural Gas rates?

**A.** NorthWestern's proposed rates are supported by Mr. Normand and Ms.

Fang and are presented in Statement M – Rate Design. Details of the

revenues at proposed design rates are shown in the Natural Gas

Statement H workpapers.

Q.

Α.

#### **Customer Bill Impacts**

How will the base and property tax rate updates as proposed in this

filing affect average residential electric and natural gas customers? As a result of the electric base rate increase proposed in this filing, the average residential customer using 750 kilowatt-hours per month will see an increase of \$12.97 or 14.2% on their monthly bill compared to current rates. As a result of the property tax rate update proposed in this filing, the same average residential customer will see an increase of \$1.55 or 1.7%. The electric bill impact analysis is included in Exhibit ADD-13.

As a result of the natural gas base rate increase proposed in this filing, the average residential natural gas customer using 65 therms per month will see an increase of \$5.91 or 8.6% on their monthly bill compared to current rates. As a result of the property tax rate update proposed in this filing, the same natural average residential customer will see an increase of \$1.66 or 2.4%. The natural gas bill impact analysis is included in Exhibit ADD-14.

2		Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan
3	Q.	Please describe NorthWestern's regulatory request related to its
4		Wildfire Plan.
5	A.	As discussed by Ms. Fang, NorthWestern proposes a five-year Wildfire
6		Plan and requests Commission approval for the necessary annual funding
7		for such plan for the period of 2024 through 2028. The Pre-filed Direct
8		Testimony of Gregory F. Bailly presents the five-year budget and details
9		the incremental costs NorthWestern will incur related to the Wildfire Plan.
10		NorthWestern requests annual updates to rates to reflect the additional,
11		and actual costs and incremental revenue requirement.
12		
13	Q.	Did you calculate the incremental increases to the electric revenue
14		requirement associated with this request?
15	A.	Yes, Exhibit ADD-15 calculates the after tax impact to the Electric T&D
16		revenue requirement for the five-year period.
17		
18	Q.	Will NorthWestern make annual filings related to the Wildfire Plan? If
19		so, what information will be included?
20	A.	Yes, as noted by Ms. Fang, NorthWestern is proposing to make annual
21		compliance filings detailing the actual Wildfire Plan activities of the prior
22		calendar year as well as updated estimates for costs in the upcoming
23		year. Details of the annual compliance filings would include:

1		<ul> <li>Actual Wildfire Plan capital additions;</li> </ul>
2		Actual Wildfire Plan expenses;
3		Incremental Wildfire Plan revenue requirements;
4		Proposed rate updates; and
5		Customer bill impacts.
6		
7		Cyber Security and Business Technology
8	Q.	Please describe NorthWestern's regulatory request related to Cyber
9		Security and Business Technology.
10	A.	As noted by Ms. Fang, NorthWestern requests Commission approval for
11		incremental revenue requirement adjustments associated with an inflation
12		factor determined by the annual GDP deflator amount which would be
13		applied towards NorthWestern's normalized test year Cyber Security and
14		Business Technology costs in subsequent years. The annual adjustment
15		would lead to year-over year rate increases until NorthWestern's next
16		electric and/or gas general rate review(s).
17		
18	Q.	Have you calculated the amount of incremental increases to the test
19		year revenue requirement related to Cyber Security and Business
20		Technology?
21	A.	The Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Jeanne M. Vold presents the information
22		regarding estimates for projected Cyber Security costs in a table on page
23		JMV-28. Her estimates equate to a \$5,145,109 increase for 2022. I used

that information to increase the test-year revenue requirement to account for the incremental Cyber Security and Business Technology costs. In accordance with the proposal noted in Ms. Fang's testimony above, those costs will be inflated each year based upon GDP deflator rates in subsequent years. For illustrative purposes, NorthWestern calculated the most recent five-year average GDP deflator rate of 2.32% and applied that percentage to estimate year-over-year bill increases which can be found in Exhibit ADD-16.

Q. Have you presented anticipated rate increase proposals and customer bill impacts related to Cyber Security and Business

**Technology?** 

A. Yes, Exhibit ADD-16 presents the proposed annual rate increases and customer bill impacts for this program.

#### 16 Reliability Rider

Q. How will NorthWestern's Reliability Rider impact this rate review?
A. As noted by Ms. Fang, through this rate review NorthWestern is requesting Commission approval of a Reliability Rider, which would allow for immediate interim recovery of critical reliability investments. This Reliability Rider would apply to the Yellowstone County Generating Station and allow for the interim recovery of the cost of service associated with the plant once it becomes operational.

1		
2	Q.	Under the Reliability Rider, what information would NorthWestern
3		provide related to the Yellowstone County Generating Station?
4	A.	NorthWestern will make a compliance filing no later than 90 days prior to
5		the Yellowstone County Generating Station's anticipated in-service date.
6		That compliance filing will include the anticipated revenue requirement of
7		the facility. Subsequently, and no later than 15 days prior to the in-service
8		date of the facility, NorthWestern will file a tariff letter requesting
9		implementation of interim rates effective on the first of the month following
10		the in-service date reflecting the anticipated revenue requirement of the
11		facility.
12		
13	Q.	Under the Reliability Rider, when would costs be reviewed for
14		prudency?
15	A.	A prudency review would be conducted in NorthWestern's next electric
16		general rate review following implementation of the interim rates.
17		
18	Q.	Will the estimated revenue requirement be trued-up to actual
19		results?
20	A.	Yes, similar to the way in which the DGGS plant was placed into rates,
21		NorthWestern would propose to update the estimated revenue

requirement with the actual capital costs incurred to construct the plant

and reflect either a refund of any over-collections or surcharge of undercollections of actual results compared to interim rates.

Q. Are you presenting the estimated annual revenue requirement for the Yellowstone County Generating Station in this filing?

Yes, Exhibit ADD-17 details the estimated annual revenue requirement for the Yellowstone County Generating Station. It should be noted that this estimate will be updated to more accurate figures later in the construction process and in accordance with the proposed timing of the compliance filing, which, again, NorthWestern would make no later than 90 days prior to the anticipated in-service date of the facility.

Α.

Α.

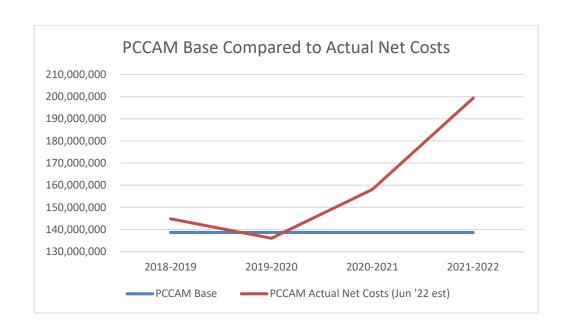
#### **Electric Demand Side Management Rate Base Proposal**

- Q. How will rates be adjusted under NorthWestern's Demand Side

  Management ("DSM") Rate Base Proposal?
  - As discussed by Mr. Berzina, in this filing, NorthWestern is proposing to rate base Electric DSM costs as opposed to the current treatment of such costs, which are collected through the Electric Supply Rate and updated annually through NorthWestern's PCCAM filing. Upon receipt of a Final Order approving rate base treatment of DSM costs, NorthWestern will make a compliance filing to discontinue collections of DSM costs through the Electric Supply Rate and will begin to capitalize those costs. Any over- or under-collected DSM cost balances until the date of a Final Order will be trued-up in NorthWestern's subsequent annual PCCAM filing(s).

1		PCCAM Base Costs Update - Electric Supply Rate
2	Q.	What PCCAM Base Costs rates does NorthWestern request in this
3		docket?
4	A.	As explained by Mr. Stimatz, NorthWestern is requesting to update the
5		PCCAM Base Costs to \$206,715,885. Currently, the PCCAM Base Costs
6		is an individual component of the total electric supply rate, which also
7		includes QF costs, DSM, generation fixed cost, property taxes, and other
8		one-time rate true-ups or adjustments as needed. An update to the
9		PCCAM Base Costs not only affects the PCCAM Base Costs, but also the
10		QF component of the supply rate. While the QF costs are not tracked as
11		part of the PCCAM Base Costs, those costs inform the forecast of the
12		costs and credits in the PCCAM Base Costs.
13		
14	Q.	Do you have an exhibit portraying the components of the total
15		electric supply rate?
16	A.	Yes. Exhibit ADD-12, page 2 show the rates for residential, general
17		service, irrigation, and lighting customers. Columns D through P list the
18		individual components in the rates, and Column T shows the total electric
19		supply rate for that customer class.
20		
21	Q.	How did you calculate the new rates for the PCCAM Base Costs?
22	A.	The rate design methodology in Exhibit ADD-12 is designed to collect
23		PCCAM Base Costs including \$73,662,254 of Base Power Costs &

1		Credits, \$77,520,939 of Base QF Costs, and \$55,532,692 of Base
2		Purchased Capacity Costs.
3		
4	Q.	How will the new total electric supply rates affect the average
5		residential customer?
6	A.	The average residential customer using 750 kilowatt-hours per month will
7		see an increase of \$8.24 or 9.0% on their monthly bill compared to current
8		rates as a result of the PCCAM Base Costs update. The bill impact
9		analysis is included in Exhibit ADD-13.
10		
11		PCCAM Base Costs - Annual Updates
12	Q.	Has NorthWestern's forecasted PCCAM Base Costs reflected actual
13		costs since its 2018 Rate Review?
14	A.	No. As shown in the table below actual costs incurred have generally
15		been significantly greater than that of the last approved PCCAM Base
16		Costs.



Q

Α.

How does NorthWestern propose to adjust electric supply rates if the Commission approves annual updates to the PCCAM Base Costs? As highlighted above, there is a need to update the PCCAM Base Costs annually to reflect the evolving energy market. NorthWestern proposes to update the PCCAM Base Costs annually through a compliance filing and tariff letter, which would be made at least 15 days prior to the new period PCCAM Base Costs rates effective date. NorthWestern proposes that an automatic adjustment to rates have an effective date that coincides with the PCCAM tracking period of July 1 through June 30. NorthWestern would submit the compliance filing and tariff letter by June 15 noting the automatic adjustment to the PCCAM Base Costs, which would be effective for the subsequent July 1 through June 30 PCCAM period. The updated PCCAM Base Costs would be collected, on an interim basis, beginning July 1.

## **PCCAM Tariff Changes**

2	Q.	What tariff changes are required to implement annual updates?
3	A.	Exhibit ADD-18 is a redline of the Annual Power Costs and Credits
4		Adjustment Mechanism tariff ("PCCAM Tariff") that revises the language
5		discussing the Base Power Costs & Credits Costs, Base QF Costs and
6		Base Purchased Capacity Costs. Within the tariff, NorthWestern proposes
7		to note that the PCCAM Base Costs will be updated automatically, on an
8		interim basis, after submission of the annual compliance filing noted
9		above. Such update to the PCCAM Base Costs will be final upon
10		issuance of a Commission Final Order in annual PCCAM dockets.
11		Included in the tariff changes is proposed new language related to the
12		proposal to apply interest to the PCCAM deferred balance. In addition to
13		those changes note above, the tariff has also been further refined to
14		increase readability in an effort to make the tariff easier to understand and
15		interpret. Finally, NorthWestern proposes changes to the PCCAM tariff to
16		allow for monthly adjustments to lessen impact of rate shock that occurs
17		when these costs are only adjusted on an annual basis.
18		
19	Q.	What tariff changes are required to implement NorthWestern's
20		proposal to recover 100% of capacity costs?
21	A.	Included in the proposed changes to the PCCAM Tariff, Exhibit ADD-18
22		includes redlines reflecting the fact that capacity charges for capacity
23		purchase agreements will be recovered through the annual PCCAM filings

and will not be subject to 90% / 10% sharing. Ms. Fang and Mr. Stimatz provide more details on this proposal including the support for why it is appropriate to remove capacity contracts from sharing. Those costs will be developed and based on capacity costs at the time such costs and rates are reviewed and approved by the Commission. Those rates will be adjusted annually in conjunction with the NorthWestern's annual PCCAM filings.

Α.

# Q. What tariff changes are required to implement NorthWestern's proposal to apply interest on deferred balances?

The PCCAM Tariff has been revised to include discussion of application of a carrying charge on the deferred balance that will be calculated based upon the difference between current revenues collected under the PCCAM mechanism and actual costs incurred. The carrying charge will be calculated by applying one-twelfth of the interest rate on three-month Commercial Paper for the previous month, as reported by the Federal Reserve Statistical Release, to the monthly deferred account balance as calculated by the PCCAM mechanism.

- Q. How does NorthWestern propose to adjust supply rates monthly for changes in the PCCAM deferred balance?
- As discussed by Ms. Fang, NorthWestern proposes to adjust the deferred supply rate monthly, as opposed to the current practice of only updating

that rate on an annual basis. NorthWestern proposes to make monthly filings requesting interim deferred supply rate adjustments as necessary. NorthWestern's annual PCCAM filing will present a projection of monthly PCCAM revenue collections as well as a projection of monthly PCCAM net costs. In subsequent months as actual revenue collections and costs differ from projections, NorthWestern will make monthly filings detailing actual revenues and costs and compare actual resulting deferred balances to projected deferred balances. In an effort to achieve a zero ending deferred balance for each tracker period, NorthWestern will propose monthly adjustments to the deferred supply rate.

This process will be similar to that of the methodology in NorthWestern's current annual Natural Gas Tracker filing, the most recent docket of which is Docket No. 2021.07.098. The ability of NorthWestern to adjust the natural gas supply rate monthly allows for less rate adjustment impact on customers by allowing for more timely rate updates in response to natural gas market fluctuations. Additionally, it does not lead to NorthWestern carrying significant deferred balances for extended periods of time as has been the case under the current PCCAM design.

#### Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

**A.** Yes, it does.

### **VERIFICATION**

This Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Andrew D. Durkin is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

/s/ Andrew D. Durkin Andrew D. Durkin